

**Report for:** Cabinet 10<sup>th</sup> December 2024

**Item number:**

**Title:** Fees and Charges 2025-26

**Report authorised by:** Taryn Eves, Finance Director

**Lead Officer:** Frances Palopoli, Head of Corporate Financial Strategy & Monitoring

**Ward(s) affected:** ALL

**Report for Key/  
Non-Key Decision:** Key

**1. Describe the issue under consideration**

- 1.1. The income generated by many councils' fees and charges represents an increasingly significant proportion of their income, and therefore decisions on future charges have an increasingly greater effect on the sustainability of their services covered by those charges.
- 1.2. This Council's income policy requires an annual review of the level of the fees and charges to be met by service users, with the emphasis being on full recovery of costs, though it recognises that in some circumstances this is not possible.
- 1.3. This report sets out the Fees and Charges (F&Cs) proposed from the start of the financial year 2025/26, proposing increases to offset the cost increases associated with those services, or alternative values where circumstances indicate this is more appropriate.

**2. Cabinet Member introduction**

- 2.1. Our budget strives to support our ambition for a fairer and greener borough.
- 2.2. In order to protect the Council's ability to provide the services needed or enjoyed by many, we must ensure that we can continue to cover the costs of their provision. We know that many households are still struggling with the cost of living and have taken this into account in setting our fees and charges for next year. We do though have to ensure that our fees and charges support the services that the council provides.
- 2.3. Taking all relevant factors into account, I believe that the increases in fees and charges proposed in this report are necessary and appropriate. I therefore commend this report to the Cabinet.

### **3. Recommendations**

#### **3.1. The Cabinet is asked:**

- a) To **agree** the proposed non-statutory fees and charges to be levied by the Council with effect from 1 April 2025, unless otherwise stated, and as detailed in Section 8 and Appendices I – XIII.
- b) To **note** the statutory fees and charges to be levied by the Council with effect from 1 April 2025.
- c) To **note** that the Council's draft 2025/26 Budget and Medium-Term Financial Strategy (MTFS) 2025/26-2029/30 assumes that the changes to Fees and Charges set out in this report are agreed.
- d) To **note** that any subsequent in-year changes or additions to the fees and charges proposed in this report may be approved by Lead Member.
- e) To **authorise** officers to proceed to statutory notification on proposed increases to parking fees and charges as set out in Appendix II and to **note** that there is a separate review of parking charges underway to support the delivery of the newly adopted Parking Strategy. It is expected that a report on the outcome of Statutory Consultation on proposed changes will be presented for decision in January 2025.

### **4. Reasons for Decision**

- 4.1. Under the Council's Income Policy, it is a requirement to review fees and charges as a minimum annually. Given the ongoing challenges facing the Council, this is even more appropriate.

### **5. Alternative options considered**

- 5.1. This report summarises the conclusions after consideration of a range of alternative approaches dependent on particular services and relevant factors. As such a range of alternative options ranging from no increase to differentiated rates of increases or decreases have been considered and are reflected in this report.

### **6. Background information**

#### **6.1. The Council's External Income Policy requires that:**

- Service managers should review the level of fees and charges, as a minimum annually, usually as part of the budget setting process.
- Charges should generally increase by inflation (based on the rate in September prior to the new year) as a minimum where permissible and seek to maximise allowable income.
- A full list of proposed charges should be presented to Cabinet for approval by the end of March each year.

- 6.2. The setting of fees and charges, along with raising essential financial resources, can contribute to meeting the Council's objectives. Through the pricing mechanism and wider market forces, outcomes can be achieved, and services can be promoted through variable charging policies and proactive use of fees to promote or dissuade certain behaviours. In the main, fees and charges should be set at a level where the full cost of provision is recovered through the price structure. However, in some circumstances those charges are at a lower level, with service provision in effect subsidised by the Council to meet broader Council priorities.
- 6.3. This report meets the requirements of the Council's external income policy for the 2025/26 financial year and as such contains details of the current and proposed levels of fees and charges to take effect as set out during 2025/26, excluding those set by the Licensing Committee.

## **7. Review of Fees & Charges**

- 7.1. Some fees and charges are governed by statute and cannot be changed through this process, such as the amount charged for a Marriage or Civil Partnership ceremony or for a Birth Certificate. Many fees and charges, for example residential care or Building Control, can only recover relevant costs. The level of other fees and charges are at the discretion of the Council or are restricted to cost recovery.
- 7.2. The Council also has a set of strategic and policy objectives, and fees and charges should be set in accordance with such objectives.
- 7.3. The general principles underpinning the Council's external income policy are that all fees and charges are reviewed as a minimum annually and that income is maximised within current service and policy objectives. The competitiveness of the market in which the service operates and the effect of price on demand and overall income yield should be considered.
- 7.4. The income policy assumes fees and charges increase annually by minimum of inflation unless there is a good reason not to, which must be explained. Although the September CPI inflation rate was 1.7%, a drop of 0.5% from the August and July rates of 2.2%, the largest downward contribution to the CPI rate came from transport, with larger negative contributions from air fares and motor fuels. The largest offsetting upward contribution came from food and non-alcoholic beverages. This suggests that there is still considerable volatility in underlying costs and the October CPI had moved up to 2.3%. The Office for Budget Responsibility's latest forecasts suggest inflation is not likely to fall below 2.6% next year and increased employer National Insurance will increase the costs of services provided via some partners. For these reasons and the Council's current financial position, it is proposed that fees and charges are increased by a minimum of 5%.
- 7.5. In some cases, where a % increase would give a very small cost increase and/or result in a charging rate that would be difficult to administer, charges have been rounded up.

- 7.6. Several fees and charges cannot be set by the Cabinet. Regulation 2(6)(d) and (e) of the Local Authorities (Functions and Responsibilities) (England) Regulations 2000 provides those charges for certain approvals, consents, permits and licenses (e.g. fees payable under the Licensing Act 2003 or the Gambling Act 2005) may not be made by the Executive (Cabinet). These fees are set by the Council's Licensing Committee.
- 7.7. As part of the annual review, consideration is given to the Council's equality duty under the Equalities Act (2010) and as such proposed fee changes set out within this report have been subject to equalities screening. Where the screening process has identified a potential disproportionate impact for protected groups a full Equalities Impact Assessment (EqIA) will be completed.

## **8. Service Specific information**

- 8.1. The Appendices I – XIII detail the services' fees and charges, showing the 2023/24 rate, 2024/25 rate and the proposed 2025/26 rate with the uplift, if any, applied. Key service specific information is summarised below.

### **Adult Services (See Appendix I)**

- 8.2. Under Section 14 of the Care Act 2014, the Council has the power to charge for meeting care and support needs for adults and carers. The charges are means tested and take into account both income and assets possessed by the individual. This may or may not include an individual's residential home depending on whether the individual is receiving residential or community care. Charges are limited to cost recovery only. The principle of full cost recovery for all care and support services is set out in the Council's Fairer Contributions Policy and should be applied to all services. Any annual inflationary increase agreed upon for external care providers will be reflected in the calculation of client contributions, which may result in an increase in individual client contributions.

### **Highways and Parking (Operations) (See Appendix II)**

- 8.3. The Council's authority to operate and set parking-related charges is defined by the Road Traffic Regulation Act (RTRA), 1984. It is important to note that on-street parking charges cannot be set purely and intentionally to raise revenue, and charges must be proportionate and have regard to the costs of administration and enforcement.
- 8.4. Section 122 of the RTRA places a duty upon the Council to "secure the expeditious, convenient and safe movement of vehicular and other traffic (including pedestrians) and the provision of suitable and adequate parking facilities on and off the highway". The council meets that duty through a range of measures, including the setting of parking and highways fees and charges at a level that restrains parking demand, enables a more efficient road network and brings environmental benefits.
- 8.5. In addition to that above, the review of fees and charges also considered pricing in other neighbouring and comparable boroughs and sought to ensure that Haringey's charges remained reasonably in line with most of them.

- 8.6. The Council must have due regard to implement maintenance and operating costs of any scheme introduced, to facilitate the delivery of its duty referred to in point 8.4 above and attempt to ensure that this is discharged following a cost recovery principle in respect of setting of fees and charges. The increase is proposed at 5% to keep in line with market rates and benchmarking across neighbouring boroughs.
- 8.7. The Council is mindful of the current cost of living crisis and offers a comprehensive support package to mitigate the increase proposed to charge for at-risk and low-income residents. This includes:
- Blue Badge holders may park in resident permit, shared use and pay-by-phone parking bays (as well as disabled bays) free of charge for an unlimited period.
  - A free virtual disabled residential parking permit available to Blue Badge holders.
  - A free 'Care at Home' parking permit for those being cared for in their own homes.
  - Discounted visitor permits for residents who are registered disabled or aged 65 years or older.
- 8.8. There is also a separate review of parking charges underway to support the delivery of the newly adopted Parking Strategy. It is expected that a report on the outcome of the Statutory Consultation on proposed changes will be presented for decision January 2025.
- 8.9. Highway Searches are undertaken to provide details around property location of:
- Which roads are/not maintained at public expense.
  - Show the approximate extent of the highways and adopted roads in relation to property.
- 8.10. These 'extent of highway' search requests are made by search companies, conveyancers' and solicitors on behalf of clients purchasing property. These searches can only be carried out by the local authority and Haringey has not applied an increase for this service since it was introduced in 2021. It is proposed that the fee is increased by 100% and to also introduce a new Fast Track service at an additional cost of £40.00.

### **Libraries (See Appendix IIIa)**

- 8.11. The Library Charges (England and Wales) Regulations 1991 stipulate the items and services that may be charged for. Charges are at the discretion of the authority, and the authority may make different provision for different cases including different provision in relation to different persons, circumstances or localities. There can be no charge for the loan of written material (section 8 of the Public Libraries and Museums Act 1964).
- 8.12. Library Service fees and charges fall into two categories:
- An incentive to return items promptly, to take care of them and return them in good condition for the next Library member to borrow. This ensures that value for money is achieved for monies spent on library

resources because they are available for loan for most of their lifetime. The charges that fall into this category are fines and charges for lost or damaged items.

- Income generation charges which include loan fees for audio visual materials, printing and room hire.
- 8.13. Commercial and Community room hire rates have increased by an average of 5% for 2025/26. Libraries continue to offer concessionary rates, particularly for room hire, to support charities and local non-profit organisations in their efforts to benefit the community. These reduced rates help make the library's resources more accessible to groups that may have limited funding, encouraging them to hold events, workshops, or meetings that contribute to social, educational, and cultural development. By offering concessionary rates, libraries foster community engagement and ensure that their facilities are used for a wide range of public-good initiatives.
- 8.14. Concessionary rates of 50% remain available for library members who are either over 65s, aged 16 to 24 or in receipt of certain benefits and financial support. Discounts apply to reservations of stock, overdue books, maximum overdue charge per item (except DVDs), DVD/Blu-ray hire, and Multi DVD sets.
- 8.15. The new default price per book is £10 if the Recommended Retail Price (RRP) is not listed on library management system.
- 8.16. All other charges have remained the same as the previous year due to benchmarking undertaken against local businesses and other authorities which are part of The Libraries Consortium.

#### **Cultural Services (See Appendix IIIb)**

- 8.17. Most charges have increased to reflect current market rates with an uplift varying from 5% to 22.2%. Digital scanning is one of the most used services and has increased in line with the market, but it attempts to be as attractive and accessible as possible. Provision of information on CD by Archive staff is now obsolete as the service no longer has the IT technology to provide such a service. Corporate rate half day room hire has been increased to 10.3% based on market rates.

#### **Garage Rents (See Appendix IV)**

- 8.18. The level of garage rent is based on demand, location and size and the income contributes to the Housing Revenue Account (HRA) rather than the General Fund (GF).
- 8.19. To ensure the garage rents do not impact disproportionately on vulnerable customers a specific concessionary rate is in place for elderly and disabled Haringey residents to ensure they can access the service.
- 8.20. The service has reviewed its pricing strategy for 2025/26 and is increasing most charges by a rate ranging from 5% to 5.4%.

### **Corporate Landlord (Asset Management) (Appendix V)**

- 8.21. Most rents for commercial properties are set through commercial negotiations with the tenant as part of the initial lease and subsequent rent reviews. The rents are set using nationally agreed RICS formulae taking into account variables such as location, size and condition of the property. The rent payable at the time of entering into a lease is very much dependent on market forces driving best consideration and once agreed is usually fixed for periods of up to 5 years before review. Commercial rent amounts are therefore not included for approval in this report.
- 8.22. There are currently no room hire charges in the Civic Centre and River Park House because they are currently closed.
- 8.23. Charges for room hire at the Neighbourhood Resource Centre continue to be set at cost recovery, rounded up to assist marketability.
- 8.24. The Council has not provided a paid-for Schools Facilities Management (FM) offer in recent years, with funding for support to schools being paid for as part of the schools' capital programme. The council is reviewing this position to look at a service level model with full cost recovery, as a means of strengthening the delivery of FM in the school's estate.

### **Court Costs (See Appendix VI)**

- 8.25. Legislation under the Council Tax (Administration and Enforcement) Regulations 1992 and the Non-Domestic Rating (Collection and Enforcement) Regulations 1989 defines that the cost of summons and a liability order is reasonably incurred. The cost of summons and liability orders is reviewed annually to ensure it remains fair and reasonable and reflects costs incurred.

### **Waste (See Appendix VII)**

- 8.26. Household bulk bin hire and bulky waste collection charges have not changed as benchmarking suggests the borough's pricing is already in line with other London authorities who offer similar provisions. It is important that hire remains an advantageous proposition to housing managers, associations and agents than outright purchase. A new charge for swapping a fully functioning hired bulk bin for another has been introduced at £50.00.
- 8.27. Household bulky waste/special collection charges have not increased. Other household charges increased from 5% to 36% to maintain rounding of prices. There is an introduction of a new charge for replacement wheelie bins (>240L) set at £28.
- 8.28. Commercial waste pricing is determined by market conditions rather than corporately advised inflationary uplifts.
- 8.29. The fee chargeable when housing managers request the emptying of contaminated bulk recycling bins, has increased by 7.8%

### **Parks Services (See Appendix VIII a)**

- 8.30. All fees have been increased by an average of 5.4%.

### **Parks Events (See Appendix VIII b)**

- 8.31. All charges are proposed to increase by an average of 5%.

### **Registrars (See Appendix IX)**

- 8.32. Most fees for the Register Office are statutory and are set by the General Register Office and Treasury and cannot be changed by the Council. Statutory fees were last increased in May 2024 and include those for the registration of Births, Deaths, Notice of Marriage and Notice of Civil Partnership, issuing of certificates and corrections, divorce considerations and the payment for each citizen attending a citizenship ceremony. The fees for all but statutory fee marriage and civil partnership ceremonies are set by the council and the majority of ceremonies fall into the non-statutory fee category.
- 8.33. Charges for services in the "Earlham Room", "Woodside Room" and "Westbury Room" at George Meehan House have shown some variation depending on anticipated demand with some fees increasing significantly. Charges at the Earlham Room, Westbury Room and Woodside Room offering personalisation are moving to hourly rates to promote flexibility with booking durations and to increase bookings. The General Register Office has asked that wedding and civil partnership ceremony fees are charged net of the certificate fee. The statutory certificate fee for Births, Deaths, Marriage and Civil Partnership is £12.50 with a 24-hour service costing £38.50. There is a 50% increased rate of the standard Monday to Thursday Earlham Room rate fee (basic ceremony with 5 guests) to £112.50.
- 8.34. Most non-statutory fees including for the core services used the most - Monday to Thursday and Saturday ceremonies have increased by approximately 5%, however some of these charges have experienced substantial increases (between 5%-19.6%) which is comparative with market rates.
- 8.35. The incentive and discount scheme will continue this year providing 25% off agreed prices to stimulate demand for ceremonies at George Meehan House. Fee reductions will be applied in the following circumstances:
- Incentives to book for promotional events such as open days.
  - Discounts to incentivise people to switch venues and price match.
  - Discounts when there is low demand or excess capacity which is not likely to sell at full price.
- 8.36. Postage fees have increased by 50% in line with Royal Mail 1<sup>st</sup> class stamp price increase from October 2024.

### **Regulatory Services (See Appendix X)**

- 8.37. These charges relate to Pest Control, Environmental Health Mortuary, Environmental permits and Local Authority Pollution Prevention Control (LAPPC) mobile plant charges. Fees are permissible by Acts of Parliament. Environmental Permit fees are set by statute.
- 8.38. Most of the proposed charges are increasing in line with the average of 5% except for Pharaoh's Ants – Domestic and concession, which is set to increase by 7.6% and 7.4% respectively. These rises are attributed to market conditions and benchmarking.
- 8.39. A new charge of £30,000 has been introduced for Failure to comply with a Banning Order – Section 21. A new fine matrix has been developed following case law and is dependent on the offence.



- 8.40. A new charge of £75 per person for an application for consent to distribute free printed material in designated areas.
- 8.41. The Fixed Penalty Notices (FPN) remain in line with the maximum statutory charge. Analysis will be undertaken on the impact of the increase to determine future charge levels. An early payment discount of 50% is still applicable to all FPNs.
- 8.42. The remaining charges have remained unchanged for various reasons. Some are established by regulations, while others are statutory, or government mandated.

#### **Property Licensing (See Appendix Xb)**

- 8.43. Mandatory HMO (Houses in Multiple Occupation) Licensing is a non-discretionary scheme introduced by Government which came into effect in 2006. The fee for a Mandatory Licence is increasing by 5% with discounts attached for certain aspects of the licensing process. It applies to all HMO occupied by 5 or more persons across the whole borough.
- 8.44. A borough wide additional HMO licensing scheme to complement the borough wide Mandatory licensing scheme was implemented in 2019/20. The fee is also increasing by 5% and is based on an average 5 bed let.
- 8.45. The Selective Property Licensing Scheme introduced in 2022/23 will increase by 5.9%.
- 8.46. A £50 discount off the licencing fee is offered as a concession to landlords who have received training and are accredited to a landlord association. Housing with an EPC (C grade and above only) will also receive a £50 discount, the same as previous years. No increase in the discount has been proposed for 2025/26.
- 8.47. All licensing fee money is ring fenced to be used for the purposes of operating the schemes.

#### **Building Control, Local Land Charges and Street Naming & Numbering (See Appendix Xla)**

- 8.48. Charges are required to be set so that the Building Regulations service breaks even over a 3-year period.
- 8.49. The majority of Building control charges are scheduled to increase by 5%, mainly influenced by reflecting workload and current market. A 100% concessionary discount is available when the charges are related to disabled adaptation.
- 8.50. In the 2022/23 fiscal year, the responsibility for LLC1 Local Land Charges were transferred to HLMR (Her Majesty's Land Registry), relieving the council of this duty. However, the council continues to hold responsibility for certain aspects of local land charges, specifically "Local Enquiries Form CON29R only," "Additional Parcel fees (each)" and "Individual Enquires CON90 (per question)". These 3 charges have increased in line with the market at an average of 6.4%.
- 8.51. Street Naming and Numbering charges for 2025/26 are statutory, and charges are increasing by an average of 5.7%.

### **Development Management & Planning Enforcement (see Appendix XIb)**

- 8.52. Charges for the Express Lawful Development Certificate and the Express Larger Home Extensions and Prior Notifications have decreased by 16.3% and 23.8% respectively due to take up being low so have been reduced to make them commercially attractive. The other charges have been reviewed and are either held at last year's rates or increased by a maximum of 5%, to remain commercially attractive.
- 8.53. One new charge is proposed for Express minor applications at a fee of £800.

### **Childcare (see Appendix XII)**

#### **Children's Centres and Nurseries**

- 8.54. An increase in lunch costs of 11.1% is proposed as the current charge does not cover the full cost of lunch. All other charges are proposed to increase by 5%. If charges were increased any higher, there is significant risk of being priced out of the market.

#### **Children's Contact Centre**

- 8.55. The Maya Angelou Family Centre continues to offer in-house parent and child residential facility that offers a bespoke support package. The aim is to ensure high quality family assessments are undertaken to meet Haringey's statutory duties.
- 8.56. The traded services at the centre are increasing the hourly charging rates by the agreed inflationary uplift to £99.80 and £73.50 for supervised hire and supported community contact respectively.

### **Legal External Fees (see Appendix XIII).**

- 8.57. The legal charges are set to secure that, taking one financial year with another, the income from the charges applied to work paid for by third parties achieves full cost recovery for provision of the legal work carried out.
- 8.58. This results in increases of between 1.5-7.7%, with the majority at the 5% average. There is an increase of 36.6% for Disposal of land freehold or leasehold minimum fee, this being a commercial rate which is based on other commercial charging rates.

## **9. Contribution to the Corporate Delivery Plan 2022-2024 High level Strategic outcomes?**

Maximising the Council's resources, particularly in the current financial climate, is a key part of the Council's Medium Term Financial Strategy. In addition, the review of fees and charges has taken into account the Council's strategy and policies regarding that particular service.

## **10. Carbon and Climate Change**

Some of the proposed recommendations should have a positive impact on carbon emissions, energy usage or climate change adaptation.

## **11. Statutory Officers comments (Director of Finance (procurement), Head of Legal and Governance, Equalities)**

## **Finance**

- 11.1 The proposed changes to Fees and Charges outlined in this report and appendices have been considered in the Council's proposed 2025/26 budget.

## **Procurement**

- 11.2 Strategic Procurement notes the contents of this report.

## **Assistant Director of Legal & Governance**

- 11.3 The Assistant Director of Legal & Governance has been consulted in the preparation of this report and makes the following comments.
- 11.4 Certain fees for services provided by the Council are prescribed in statute. Accordingly, confirmation is given that in such instances the Council has no discretion as to the level of the charge. However, there are a further range of services where specific legislative provisions allow the Council to decide whether to charge and how much. One such service area is leisure and recreational facilities, where section 19(2) of the Local Government (Miscellaneous Provisions) Act 1976 permits the Council to charge for these facilities beyond cost recovery limitations.
- 11.5 In addition, section 93 of the Local Government Act 2003 (the Act) - and guidance issued in 2006 pursuant to section 96(3) of the Act - empowers the Council to charge for discretionary services. A discretionary service is defined in the guidance as being one where the Council has the power to provide it but is not obliged to do so. However, this power cannot be used where the Council is under a duty to provide the service, or where charging is prohibited or where a specific legislative charging regime applies.
- 11.6 The Council must have regard to the guidance when charging for discretionary services under the Act. Accordingly, for each discretionary service which a charge is made, there is duty to secure that, taking one year with another, the income from charges for that service does not exceed the costs of provision. Any over or under recovery that results in a surplus or deficit of income in relation to costs in one period should be addressed by the Council when setting its charges for future periods so that over time income equates to costs.
- 11.7 In addition, Section 93 of the Act permits the Council to charge only some persons for providing a discretionary service and to charge different persons different amounts for providing a service.
- 11.8 The Council also has power under section 1 of the Localism Act 2011 to do anything that individuals generally may do, subject to restrictions and limitations imposed by other statutes. The general power of competence extends to charging for a discretionary service where there is no other power to charge for the service, including the power in section 93 of the Act. Similarly, under this provision, the Council may not recover more than the cost of providing that service.

- 11.9 In reviewing fees and charges, the Council need to have due regard to the overarching Public Sector Equality Duty as set out in section 149 of the Equality Act 2010. In so saying, it is noted that equality screening tools have been used as appropriate.
- 11.10 In light of the above, coupled with the stated equalities-based intention to keep initiatives under review and to make modifications as issues arise, there is no legal reason why Cabinet cannot adopt the Recommendations contained in this report.

## **Equality**

- 11.11 The Council has a Public Sector Equality Duty under the Equality Act (2010) to have due regard to the need to:
- Eliminate discrimination, harassment and victimisation and any other conduct prohibited under the Act
  - Advance equality of opportunity between people who share protected characteristics and people who do not
  - Foster good relations between people who share those characteristics and people who do not
- 11.12 The three parts of the duty apply to the following protected characteristics: age, disability, gender reassignment, pregnancy/maternity, race, religion/faith, sex and sexual orientation. Marriage and civil partnership status applies to the first part of the duty.
- 11.13 Although it is not enforced in legislation as a protected characteristic, Haringey Council treats socioeconomic status as a local protected characteristic.
- 11.14 The decision proposed in this report is to authorise the increases in fees and charges outlined in detail above. These increases are to achieve the aim of cost recovery for service delivery, and such are reflective of inflationary conditions. Increases in fees and charges have been agreed on by benchmarking against comparative boroughs and market rates to ensure that they are proportionate. In most cases, increases are in line with 5%.
- 11.15 Where negative impacts can be anticipated as a result of these changes, the Council has put in place appropriate mitigations to prevent disproportionate impacts on at-risk and low-income residents.
- 11.16 Negative impacts on disabled people as a result of proposed increases to highways and parking fees have been mitigated by providing free of charge parking bays and a free virtual disabled residential parking permit to Blue Badge holders. Free parking permits are available to those being cared for in their own homes and discounted visitor permits are available for residents who are registered disabled or aged 65+.

- 11.17 Negative impacts because of increases in library charges are mitigated by providing concessionary rates of 50% for library members who are over-65, aged 16-24 or in receipt of certain benefits and financial support. Changes to room hire charges are mitigated by concessionary charges for charities and non-profit organisations.
- 11.18 To prevent increases in garage rents disproportionately impacting specific groups, a specific concessionary rate is in place for elderly and disabled Haringey residents to ensure they can access the service.
- 11.19 Increases to building control fees are mitigated by a 100% concessionary discount for charges related to disabled adaptation.

## **12. Use of Appendices**

### **12.1 Fees & Charges Schedules**

Appendix I	Adults' Services
Appendix II	Highways and Parking
Appendix III a	Libraries Charges
Appendix III b	Cultural Services Charges
Appendix IV	Garage Rents
Appendix V	Asset Management
Appendix VI	Court Summons
Appendix VII	Waste Services
Appendix VIII a	Parks Services
Appendix VIII b	Parks Events
Appendix IX	Registrars
Appendix X a	Regulatory Services (excl. Licenses etc. set by Reg. Committee)
Appendix X b	Property Licensing
Appendix XI a	Building Control and Local Land Charges
Appendix XI b	Development Management
Appendix XII	Childcare and Children's Services
Appendix XIII	Legal Commercial External Fees

## **13. Background papers**

None